

# Fir Tree

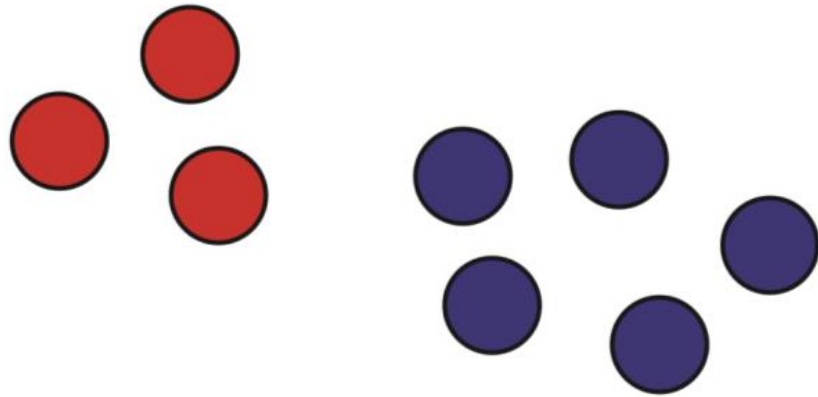
## Calculation Strategies

Year 1 and 2

# Addition Vocabulary

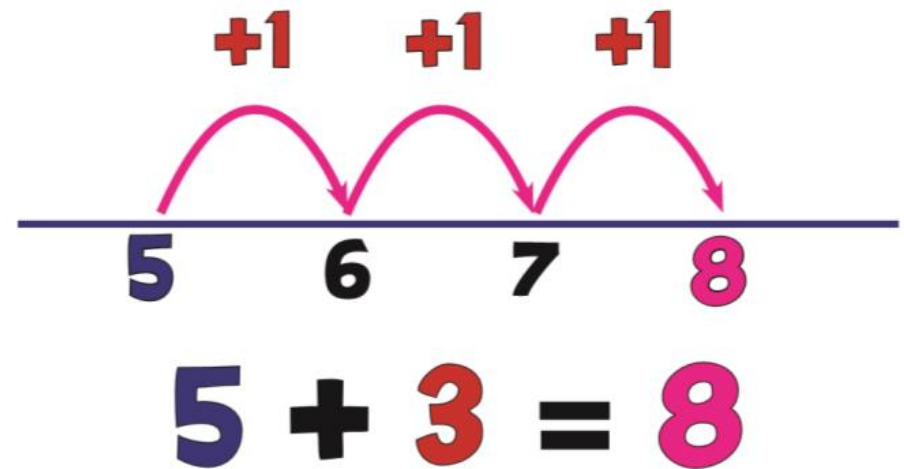


## A1: Objects & Pictures



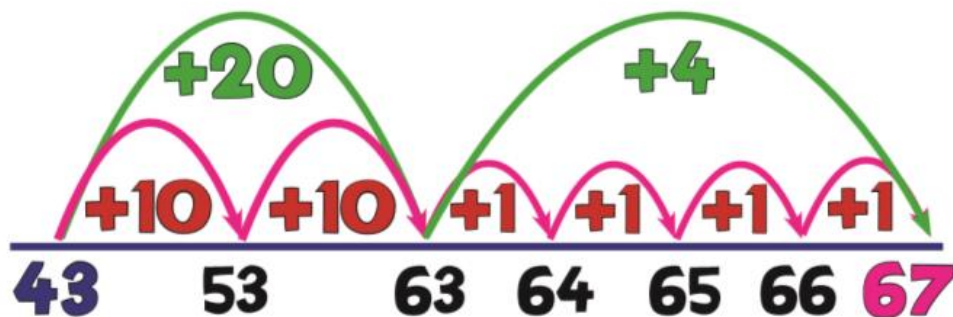
"If I have 3 and then 5 more, how many altogether? Answer: 8"

## A2: Counting On



## A3: Forwards Jump

$$43 + 24 = 67$$



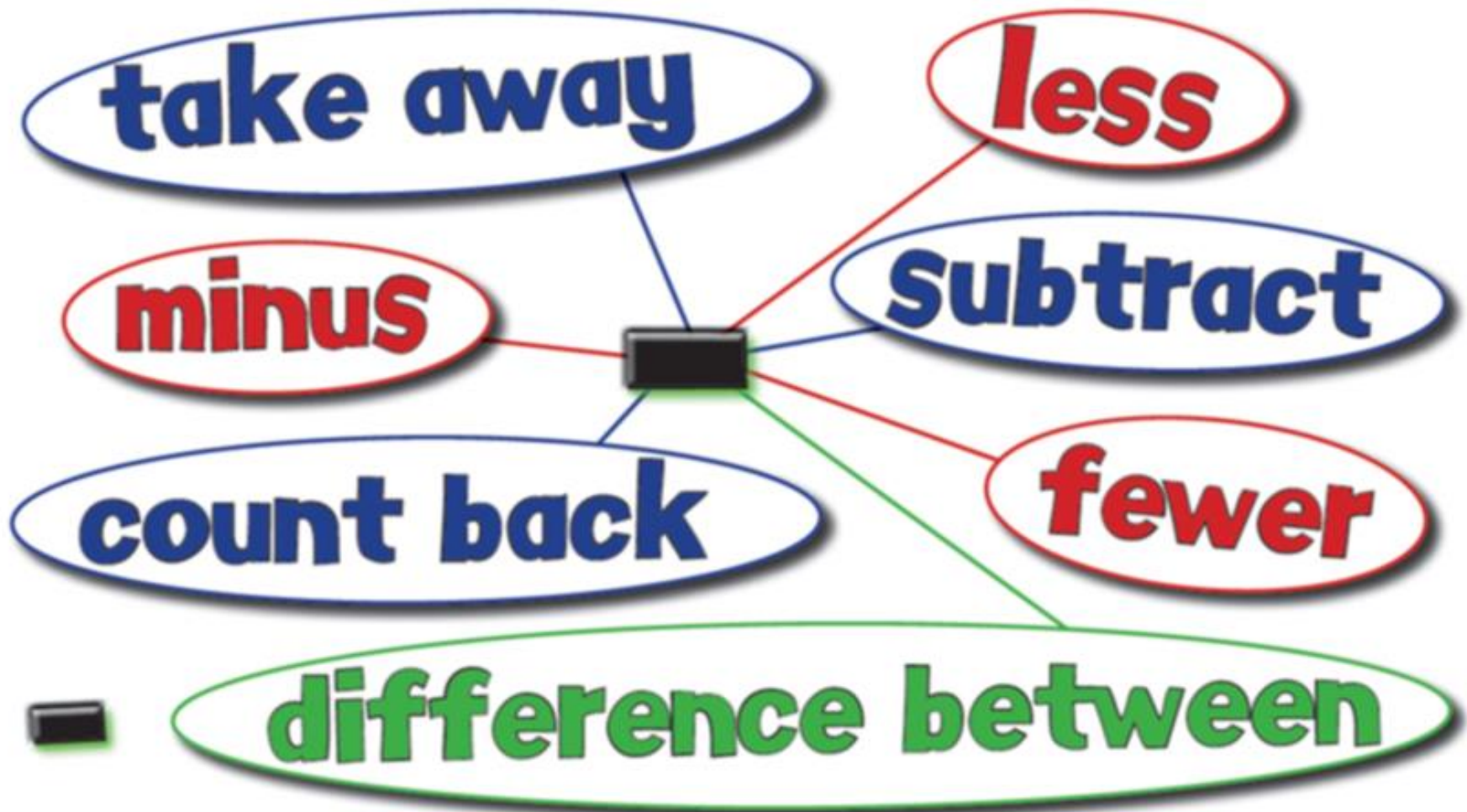
## A4: Partitioning

$$43 + 24 = 67$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 40 + 20 = 60 \\ 3 + 4 = 7 \\ \hline 67 \end{array}$$



# Subtraction Vocabulary

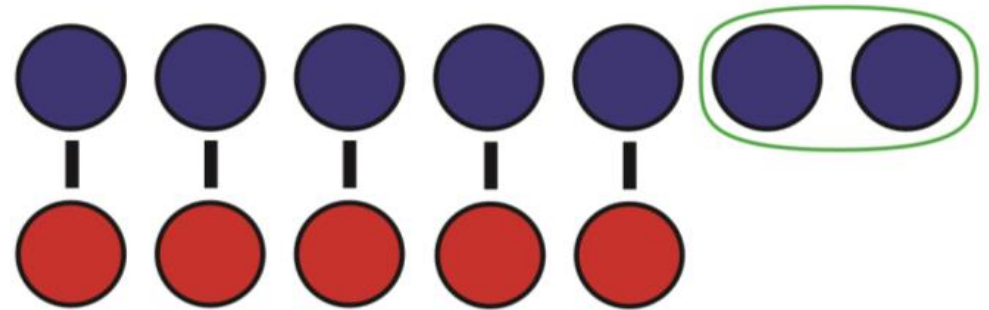


## S1: Objects



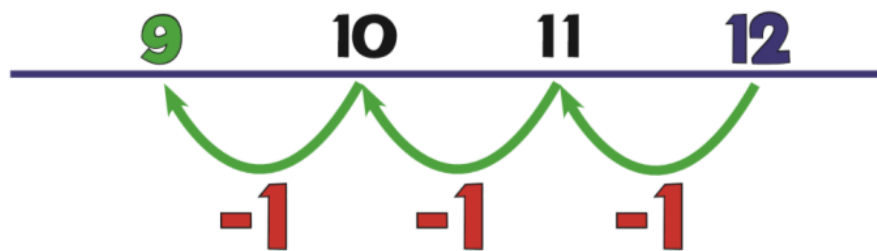
$$7 - 3 = 4$$

## S2: What's the Difference?



$$7 - 5 = 2$$

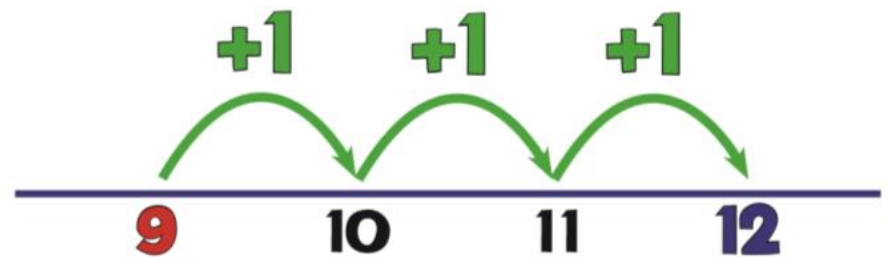
## S3: Counting Back



$$12 - 3 = 9$$

"What do I get if I take 3 away from 12? Answer: 9"

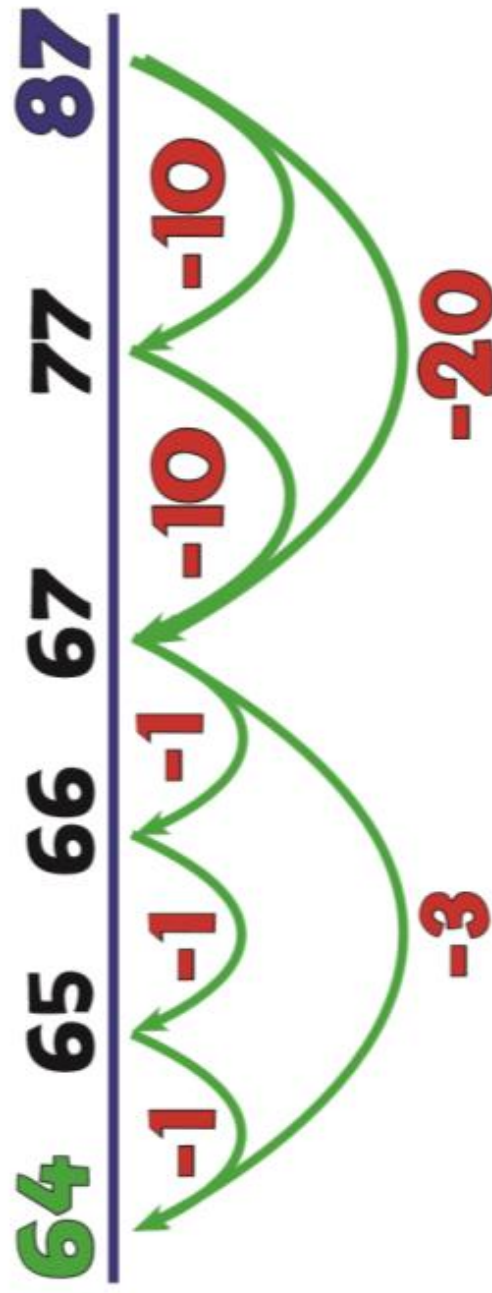
## S4: Counting On



$$12 - 9 = 3$$

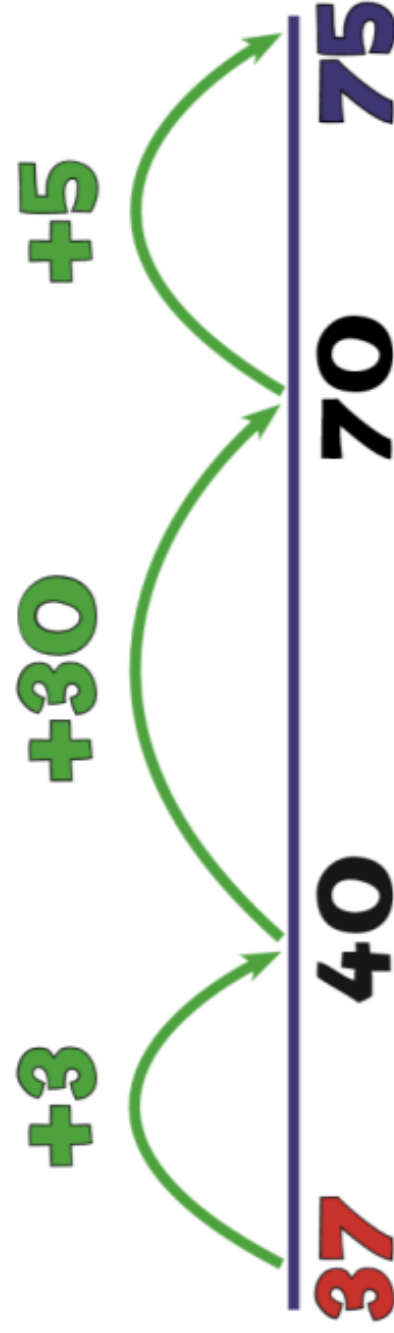
"How many more is 12 than 9? What is the difference?"

## S5: Backwards Bounce



$$87 - 23 = 64$$

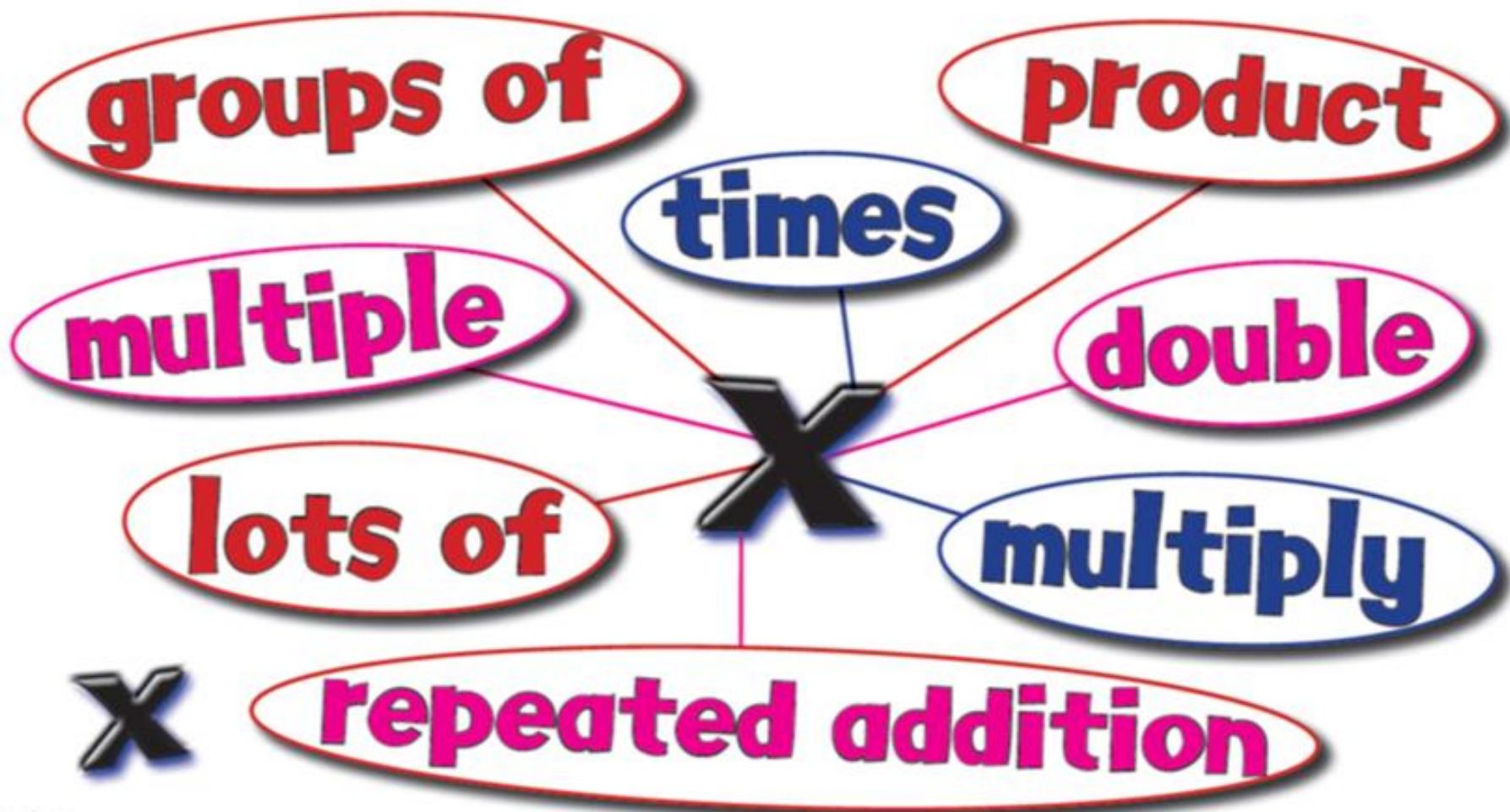
# S6: Forwards Bounce



$$75 - 37 = 38$$

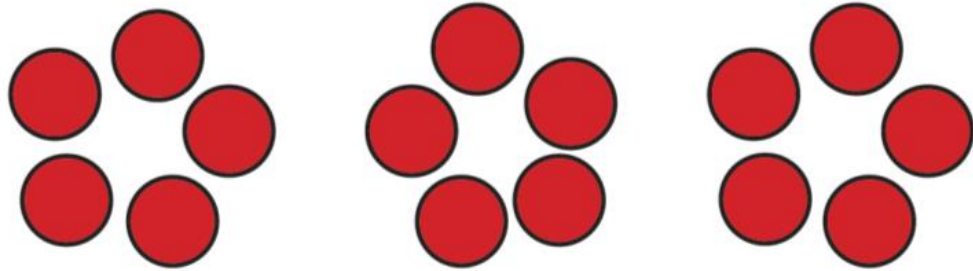


# Multiplication Vocabulary





## M1: Repeated Addition (Groups)

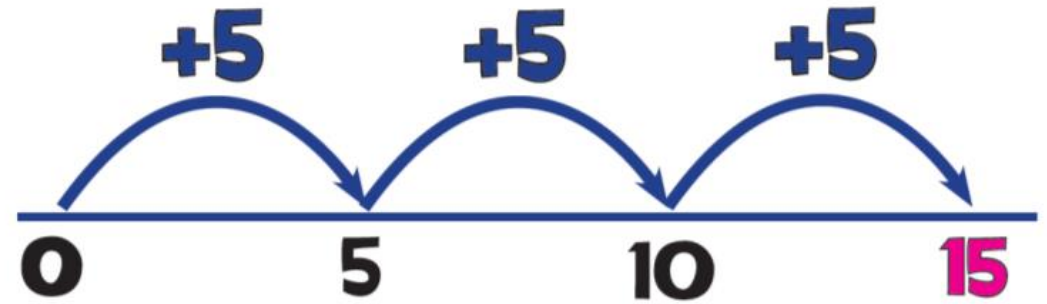


$$5 \times 3 = 5 + 5 + 5 = 15$$

1000000

"5 multiplied by 3" means "5, 3 times", which gives "3 lots of 5!"

## M2: Repeated Addition (Number Line)

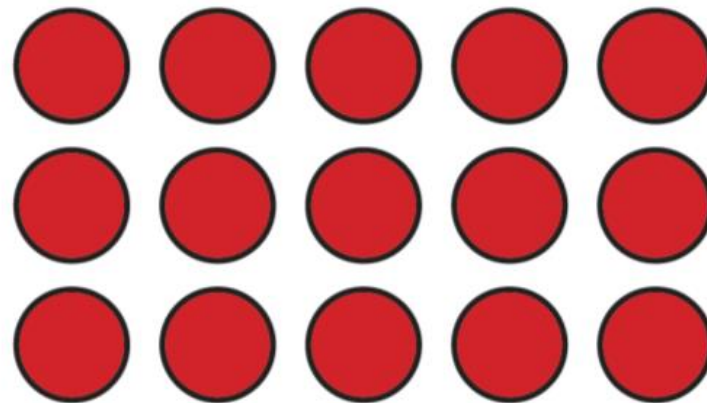


$$5 \times 3 = 5 + 5 + 5 = 15$$

1000000

"5 times 3" means "5, 3 times!"

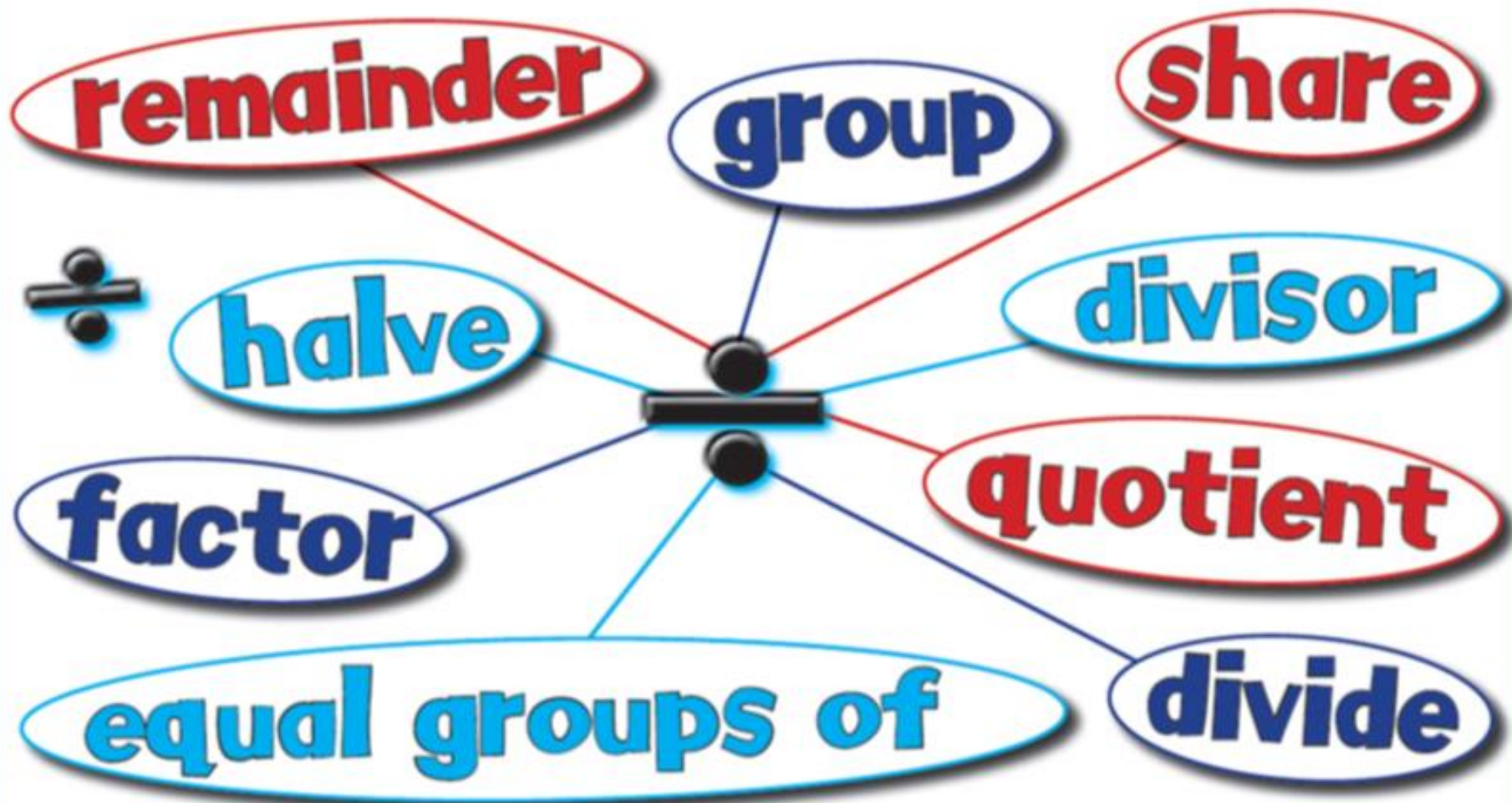
## M3: Arrays



$$3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ or } 5 \times 3 = 15$$



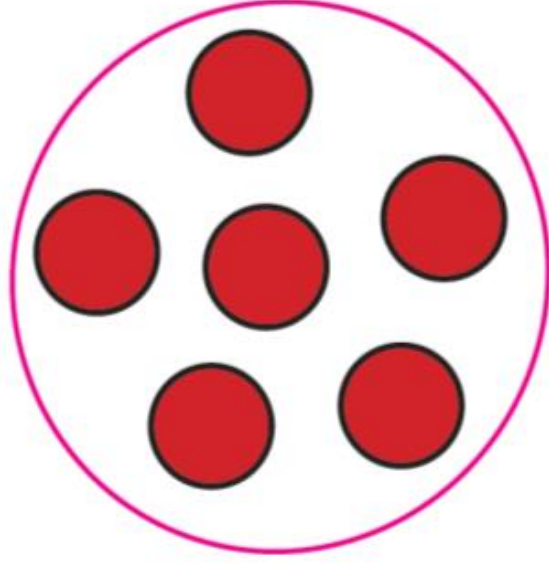
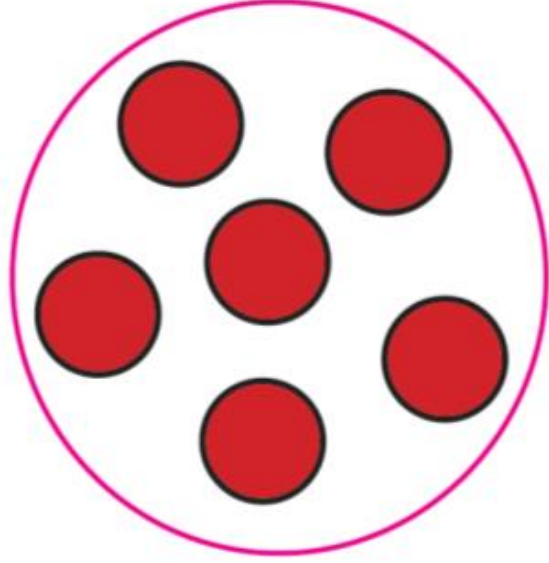
# Division Vocabulary







## D1: Sharing



$$12 \div 2 = 6$$

"If I share **12** into **2** equal amounts, how many in each group?" Answer: **6**

## D2: Division as Grouping

$$12 \div 2 = 6$$

"How many groups of 2 can I fit in **12**?" Answer: **6**

